Safety Data Sheet

5 component mix in Nitrogen

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878
Reference number: SDS 01541
Issue date: 4/12/2024 Version: 1.0

Warning

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

SDS no : SDS 01541

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : Industrial and professional use for chemical analysis, calibration, (routine) quality control, laboratory use, under controlled conditions.

Uses advised against : Consumer use.
Uses other than those listed above are not supported, contact your supplier for more information on other uses.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Air Liquide UK Ltd.
Station Road
Coleshill
B46 1JY Birmingham
United Kingdom
safety.aluk@airliquide.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : 01675 462695 (Available 24/7)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Physical hazards Gases under pressure : Compressed gas H280

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :

GHS04

Signal word (CLP) : Warning
Hazard statements (CLP) : H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary statements (CLP)
- Storage : P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3. Other hazards

Asphyxiant in high concentrations.
Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] ATE, EUH-statements, M-Factors
Nitrogen	CAS-No.: 7727-37-9 EC-No.: 231-783-9 EC Index-No.: --- REACH-no: *1	89.95	Press. Gas (Comp.), H280
Carbon dioxide	CAS-No.: 124-38-9 EC-No.: 204-696-9 EC Index-No.: --- REACH-no: *1	≤ 10	Press. Gas (Liq.), H280
Nitric oxide	CAS-No.: 10102-43-9 EC-No.: 233-271-0 EC Index-No.: --- REACH-no: 01-2120766630-54	≤ 0.02	Ox. Gas 1, H270 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation:gas), H330
Carbon monoxide	CAS-No.: 630-08-0 EC-No.: 211-128-3 EC Index-No.: 006-001-00-2 REACH-no: 01-2119480165-39	≤ 0.01	Flam. Gas 1B, H221 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331 Repr. 1A, H360D STOT RE 1, H372
Propane	CAS-No.: 74-98-6 EC-No.: 200-827-9 EC Index-No.: 601-003-00-5 REACH-no: 01-2119486944-21	≤ 0.01	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280
Sulphur dioxide	CAS-No.: 7446-09-5 EC-No.: 231-195-2 EC Index-No.: 016-011-00-9 REACH-no: 01-2119485028-34	≤ 0.01	Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331

Name	Product identifier	Specific concentration limits (%)
Nitric oxide	CAS-No.: 10102-43-9 EC-No.: 233-271-0 EC Index-No.: --- REACH registration No: 01-2120766630-54	(0.5 ≤ C ≤ 100) STOT SE 3, H335
Sulphur dioxide	CAS-No.: 7446-09-5 EC-No.: 231-195-2 EC Index-No.: 016-011-00-9 REACH registration No: 01-2119485028-34	(1 ≤ C ≤ 100) STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

**1: Listed in Annex IV / V REACH, exempted from registration.*

**3: Registration not required: Substance manufactured or imported < 1t/y.*

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- Eye contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation.
See section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog.
Product does not burn, use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards : Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
Hazardous combustion products : Carbon monoxide. Nitric oxide/nitrogen dioxide. Sulphur dioxide.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
If possible, stop flow of product.
Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : In confined space use self-contained breathing apparatus.
Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
Standard EN 469 - Protective clothing for firefighters. Standard - EN 659: Protective gloves for firefighters.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Act in accordance with local emergency plan.
Try to stop release.
Evacuate area.
Ensure adequate air ventilation.
Stay upwind.
See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders	:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate area.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe use of the product	:	Do not breathe gas. Avoid release of product into atmosphere. The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations. Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularily) checked for leaks before use. Do not smoke while handling product. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis.
Safe handling of the gas receptacle	:	Refer to supplier's container handling instructions. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content of the container. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.
Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.
Container valve guards or caps should be in place.
Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.
Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.
Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.
Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.
Keep away from combustible materials.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Carbon dioxide
IOEL TWA	9000 mg/m³
	5000 ppm
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2006/15/EC
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Carbon dioxide
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	9150 mg/m³
	5000 ppm
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	27400 mg/m³
	15000 ppm
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
EU - Binding Occupational Exposure Limit (BOEL)	
Local name	Carbon monoxide
BOEL TWA	23 mg/m³
	20 ppm
BOEL STEL	117 mg/m³
	100 ppm
Regulatory reference	DIRECTIVE (EU) 2022/431 (amending Directive 2004/37/EC)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Carbon monoxide
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	23 mg/m³ 35 mg/m³ Limits applicable to underground mining & tunnelling industries ONLY until 21/8/23
	20 ppm 30 ppm Limits applicable to underground mining & tunnelling industries ONLY until 21/8/23
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	117 mg/m³ 232 mg/m³ Limits applicable to underground mining & tunnelling industries ONLY until 21/8/23

	100 ppm 200 ppm Limits applicable to underground mining & tunnelling industries ONLY until 21/8/23
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE
United Kingdom - Biological limit values	
Local name	Carbon monoxide
BMGV	30 ppm Parameter: carbon monoxide - Medium: end-tidal breath - Sampling time: Post shift
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Nitrogen monoxide
IOEL TWA	2.5 mg/m³
	2 ppm
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE (EU) 2017/164
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Nitrogen monoxide
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	2.5 mg/m³ 30 mg/m³ Limit applicable to underground mining & tunnelling industries ONLY until 21/8/23
	2 ppm 25 ppm Limit applicable to underground mining & tunnelling industries ONLY until 21/8/23
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

Sulphur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Sulphur dioxide
IOEL TWA	1.3 mg/m³
	0.5 ppm
IOEL STEL	2.7 mg/m³
	1 ppm
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE (EU) 2017/164
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Sulphur dioxide
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	1.3 mg/m³
	0.5 ppm
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	2.7 mg/m³
	1 ppm

Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
DNEL: Derived no effect level (Workers)	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	117 ppm
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	117 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	23 ppm
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	23 mg/m³

Sulphur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
DNEL: Derived no effect level (Workers)	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	2.7 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	2.7 mg/m³

PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration) : None established.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.
Systems under pressure should be regularily checked for leakages.
Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).
Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released.
Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk.
The following recommendations should be considered:
PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

• Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.
Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.

• Skin protection

- Hand protection : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risks, performance level 1 or higher.

- Other : Wear safety shoes while handling containers.
Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.

• Respiratory protection : Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
When indicated by a risk assessment, Respiratory Protective Equipment must be used. The selection of the Respiratory Protective Device (RPD) must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected RPD.
Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.

• Thermal hazards : None in addition to the above sections.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

None necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa	:	Gas.
- Colour	:	Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following colour(s): Colourless Brownish gas.
Odour	:	Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure. Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odour: Pungent. Stenchant often added. Sweetish.
Melting point / Freezing point	:	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Boiling point	:	Not applicable for gas mixtures. It is technically not possible to determine the boiling point or range of this mixture. Component with lowest boiling point: Nitrogen -196 °C
Flammability	:	Non flammable.
Lower explosion limit	:	Not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Not available
Flash point	:	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Non flammable.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not applicable.
pH	:	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Water solubility [20°C]	:	Mixture is partially soluble in water
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	:	Not available
Vapour pressure [20°C]	:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure [50°C]	:	Not applicable.
Density and/or relative density	:	Not applicable.
Relative vapour density (air=1)	:	Lighter or similar to air.
Particle characteristics	:	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosion limits	:	Non flammable.
Oxidising properties	:	No oxidising properties.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Other data	:	None.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Data for mixtures are not available.
This mixture contains components with the following reactivity : Can form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants. Violently oxidises organic material.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture in installation systems.

10.5. Incompatible materials

For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity : Classification criteria are not met.

Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	3760 ppm/1h (ADR) 1300 ppm/4h (CLP)

Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	57.5 ppm/4h

Propane (74-98-6)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	20000 ppm/4h

Sulphur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	1260 ppm/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : No known effects from this product.

Germ cell mutagenicity : No known effects from this product.

Carcinogenicity : No known effects from this product.

Toxic for reproduction : Fertility : No known effects from this product.

Toxic for reproduction : unborn child : Classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure : No known effects from this product.

STOT-repeated exposure : Classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Other information : For more information, see 'EIGA Safety Info 24: Carbon Dioxide, Physiological Hazards' at www.eiga.eu.
Unlike simple asphyxiants, carbon dioxide has the ability to cause death even when normal oxygen levels (20-21%) are maintained. 5% CO_2 has been found to act synergistically to increase the toxicity of certain other gases (CO, NO_2). CO_2 has been shown to enhance the production of carboxy- or met-hemoglobin by these gases possibly due to carbon dioxide's stimulatory effects on the respiratory and circulatory systems.
The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Assessment : Classification criteria are not met.

EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l] : No data available.

EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l] : No data available.

LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l] : No data available.

Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	No data available.
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	No data available.
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	No data available.

Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	No data available.
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	No data available.
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	No data available.

Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)	
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	No data available.
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	No data available.
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	No data available.

Propane (74-98-6)	
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	27.1 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	11.9 mg/l
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	49.9 mg/l

Sulphur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	89 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	48.1 mg/l
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	No data available.

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	No data available.
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	No data available.
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment : No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment : No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment : Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. Partition into soil is unlikely.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Assessment : Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Assessment : The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : No known effects from this product.

Effect on the ozone layer : No effect on the ozone layer.

Effect on global warming : Contains greenhouse gas(es).

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

May be vented to atmosphere in a well ventilated place.
Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.
Return unused product in original container to supplier.

List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended) : 16 05 05 : Gases in pressure containers other than those mentioned in 16 05 04.

13.2. Additional information

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN
UN-No. : 1956

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Nitrogen, Nitric oxide)

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Nitric oxide)

Transport by sea (IMDG) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Nitrogen, Nitric oxide)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Labelling :

2.2 : Non-flammable, non-toxic gases.

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)

Class : 2

Classification code : 1A

Hazard identification number : 20

Tunnel Restriction : E - Passage forbidden through tunnels of category E

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s)) : 2.2

Transport by sea (IMDG)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s)) : 2.2

Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire : F-C

Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage : S-V

14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : Not applicable.

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Not applicable.

Transport by sea (IMDG) : Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : None.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : None.
Transport by sea (IMDG) : None.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Packing Instruction(s)

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : P200.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)
Passenger and Cargo Aircraft : 200.
Cargo Aircraft only : 200.
Transport by sea (IMDG) : P200.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.
Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.
Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
- Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.
- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

Restrictions on use : Contains no substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List.
Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations : Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals).
Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) : Not covered.

National regulations

Regulatory reference : Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A CSA does not need to be carried out for this product.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : Safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 2020/878.

Abbreviations and acronyms	:	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate. CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances. CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number. PPE - Personal Protection Equipment. LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. RMM - Risk Management Measures. PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic. vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative. STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure. CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment. EN - European Standard. UN - United Nations. ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. IATA - International Air Transport Association. IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods. RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. WGK - Water Hazard Class. STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure. UFI : Unique Formula Identifier.
Training advice	:	The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training. For more guidance, refer to EIGA SL 01 “Dangers of Asphyxiation”, downloadable at http://www.eiga.eu..
Further information	:	Classification using data from databases maintained by the European Industrial Gases Association (EIGA). Data is maintained in EIGA doc 169 : 'Classification and Labelling Guide', downloadable at : http://www.eiga.eu. Classification in accordance with the procedures and calculation methods of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).

Full text of H- and EUH-statements	
Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 1
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Flam. Gas 1A	Flammable gases, Category 1A
Flam. Gas 1B	Flammable gases, Category 1B
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H221	Flammable gas.
H270	May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Ox. Gas 1	Oxidising Gases, Category 1

Press. Gas (Comp.)	Gases under pressure : Compressed gas
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas
Repr. 1A	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY : Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.
Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.
Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

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